

CERTIFICATE AND RECORD OF DEATH

409

409

Charles Deckelmann

I hereby certify that I attended deceased from *March 15th 1900* to *Feb'y 19th 1901*
 that I last saw *him* alive on the *19th* day of *Feb'y 1901*, that *he* died on the
19th day of *Feb'y 1901*, about *3-45* o'clock *A*. M., and that to best of my
 knowledge and belief, the cause of *his* death was as hereunder written. (If under one year old, state how fed.)

General Pareio
asthenia

SEE RULES ON THE OTHER SIDE.

Witness my hand this *19th* day of *Feb'y* 1901.
 Place of Burial, *Evergreen* (SIGNATURE), *William H. Moran* M. D.
 Date of Burial, *Feb 22nd 1901*
 Undertaker, *Geo Beth*
 Residence, *127 Boerum St* RESIDENCE, *St. Bonles' Sanitarium, Flushing, N.Y.*

Date of Death.	Full Name.	Age, in years, mos. and days.	Color.	Single, Married or Widowed.	Occupation.	Birthplace.	How long in U. S. if foreign born.	How long resident in City of New York.	Father's Name.	Father's Birthplace.	Mother's Name.	Mother's Birthplace.	Place of Death.	Last place of Residence.	Class of Dwelling (A tenement being those occupied by more than two families).	Direct cause of Death.	Indirect cause of Death.	Date of Record.
<i>February 19, 1901</i>	<i>Charles Deckelmann</i>	<i>56 yrs. 19 days.</i>	<i>White</i>	<i>Married</i>	<i>Hotel-keeper</i>	<i>Germany</i>	<i>33 years</i>	<i>28 yrs.</i>	<i>Deckelmann</i>	<i>Germany</i>	<i>Barthelme Pope</i>	<i>Germany</i>	<i>St Bonles' Sanitarium, Flushing, N.Y.</i>	<i>St Bonles' Sanitarium</i>	<i>Sanitarium</i>	<i>General Pareio</i>	<i>asthenia</i>	<i>February 19, 1901</i>

N.B.—A certificate of death is a document of great importance. More than 10,000 copies of such certificates are issued annually from this office, for use here and abroad as legal proof of death. It is essential, therefore, that the particulars called for shall be given **correctly, legibly, and as fully as possible.**

TO PHYSICIANS.

1. The attending physician must furnish a certificate within 36 hours after death (Sanitary Code, Section 180).

2. All physicians practicing in the City of New York (including those in public institutions) must be registered in the Bureau of Records (Sanitary Code, Section 5).

3. If a person dies from **criminal violence**, or by a casualty, or suddenly while in **apparent health**, or when **unattended by a physician**, or in **prison**, or in any **suspicious or unusual manner**, the case must be referred to the Coroners' office (Chapter 410, Section 1773, Laws of 1882).

4. Certificates will be returned for additional information, which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death :

Abortion,

Gangrene,

Necrosis,

Abscess,

Gastritis,

Peritonitis,

Cellulitis,

Erysipelas,

Phlebitis,

Childbirth,

Meningitis,

Pyæmia,

Convulsions,

Metritis,

Septicæmia,

Hemorrhage,

Miscarriage,

Tetanus.

(Any one of these may be the result of an injury, and thus be a subject for investigation by a Coroner. If it is not, the certificate should make that fact plain.)

5. No certificate giving **"Heart failure," "Dropsy,"** or other mere symptom, as the sole cause of death, will be accepted, unless accompanied by a satisfactory written explanation.

TO UNDERTAKERS.

1. No burial permit can be obtained without a proper certificate

2. Certificates must be written throughout in black ink.

3. No certificate will be accepted which is **mutilated, illegible, inaccurate**, or any portion of which has been **erased, interlined, corrected or altered**, as all such changes impair its value as a public record.