STATE OF NEW YORK

Department of Health of The City of New York

BUREAU OF RECORDS STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

Character of premises, whether tenement, private, hotel, hospital or other place, etc.

Registered No.

DEckelmann 2FULL NAME

4 COLOR OR RACE

5 SINGLE MARRIED, WIDOWED, (Write the word)

6 DATE OF BIRTH

(Month)

1862 If LESS than

1 day.....hrs.

8 OCCUPATION

7 AGE

or......min.?

(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ... (b) General nature of industry,

business or establishment in which employed (or employer)

BIRTHPLACE (State or country)

(9) How long in U. S. (if of for-eign birth)

10 NAME OF FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE

OF FATHER (State or country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER

13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER

(State or country) 14 Special INFORMATION required in deaths in hospitals and institu-tions and in deaths of non-residents and recent residents.

Former or usual Residence

FILED

15 DATE OF DEATH

16 I hereby certify that the foregoing particulars (Nos. 1 to 14 inclusive) are correct as near as the same can be ascertained, and I further certify that

aug 4 I attended the deceased from.... 1919 , that I last saw tee alive on the ...day of

that death occurred on the date stated above at ?: 20 AM. and that the cause of death was as follows:

Caremoura of Mous + octer plevie organ-

Contributory. (Secondary)

Signature

duration.

duration yrs. mos.

day of Les Witness my hand this.

Address

ADDRESS

TO PHYSICIANS.

- 1. The attending physician must furnish a certificate to the Department of Health within 36 hours after death, and where death has resulted from infectious or contagious disease a certificate must be furnished by him forthwith (Sanitary Code, Sections 135 and 161).
- 2. All physicians practicing in The City of New York (including those in public institutions) must be registered in the Bureau of Records (Sanitary Code, Section 160).
- 3. If a person dies from criminal violence or by a casualty, or by suicide, or suddenly while in apparent health, or when unattended by a physician or in prison, or in any suspicious or unusual manner, it shall be the duty of any citizen who may become aware of the death of any such person to report such death forthwith to the office of the chief medical examiner, and to a police officer who shall forthwith notify the officer in charge of the station house in the police precinct in which such person died. Any person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to report such death or who without written order from a medical examiner shall wilfully touch, remove or disturb the body of any such person, or wilfully touch, remove, or disturb the clothing, or any article upon or near such body, shall be guilty of a misdemeaner. (Inserted by Laws 1915, ch. 284, & 2. In effect Jan. 1, 1918.)
- 4. Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death:

Phlebitis, Meningitis, Abortion, Haemorrhage, Pyaemia, Metritis. Gangrene, Cellulitis, Septicaemia, Miscarriage, Gastritis, Childbirth, Peritonitis, Tetanus. Erysipelas, Convulsions,

(Any one of these may be the result of an injury, and thus be a subject for investigation by a Medical Examiner. If it is not, the certificate should make that fact plain.)

- 5. No certificate giving "Heart failure," "Dropsy," or other mere symptom as the sole cause of death will be accepted, unless accompanied by a satisfactory written explanation.
- 6. Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Archi ect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton Mill; (a) Salesman; (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile Factory.

TO UNDERTAKERS.

- 1. No burial permit can be obtained without a proper certificate.
- 2. Certificates must be written throughout in black ink.

3. No certificate will be accepted which is mutilated, illegible, inaccurate, or any portion of which has been erased, interlined, corrected or altered, as all such changes impair its value as a public record.

as a public reco	ord.		. John	DE ekelma	un
I hereby co	ertify that I have been	n employed as underta	ker by	(NAME)	
the 16	esbaud	of deceased. J	his statement is ma	ade to obtain a permit	
La pulsa de la constante de la	(RELATIONSHIP)		Convetta	Nekolin	ann
for the burial	or cremation of the re	emains of deceased.	al Bo	: 0	
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